- 25. (new) A method of producing a product according to a process essentially controlled by a set of n parameters X_i affecting a set of k properties Y_j characterizing the product, said method comprising:
 - i. assigning values to a set of k property weights w_j representing relative importance of said properties Y_j for the characterization of said product;
 - ii. establishing property behavior mathematical relations giving an estimated property Y_{ij} for each said property Y_{ij} in terms of said parameters X_{ij} from given parameter data and associated property data;
 - iii. using said property weights w_j to establish a goal function in terms of property weighted deviations between the estimated properties Y_{e_j} and corresponding specified goal values for said properties Y_j ;
 - iv. minimizing the goal function to generate a set of n optimal parameter values for said parameters X_i ; and
 - v. using said set of optimal parameter values in said process to produce said product.
- 26. (new) A method according to claim 25, wherein said product is a composition of matter, said set of optimal parameter values characterizing an optimal formulation for the composition.
- 27. (new) A method according to claim 26, wherein said product is a pharmaceutical product, said set of optimal parameter values characterizing an optimal formulation for the pharmaceutical product.
- 28. (new) A method according to claim 25, wherein the values for said property weights w_j are obtained using an algorithm based on an analytic hierarchy process.

- 29. (new) A method according to claim 28, wherein said given property data are obtained through a number *l* of experimental runs of said process using said given parameter data, each said run using a distinct set of values for said given parameter data.
- 30. (new) A method according to claim 29, wherein said number of experimental runs of said process each uses a selected distinct set of values for said parameters X_i covering substantially all extreme values within a chosen range of values for each one of said parameters X_i , wherein I is at least equal to n + 1 and is substantially less than a number used in the Fractional Factorial Matrix method.
- 31. (new) A method according to claim 27, wherein the values for said property weights w_i are obtained using an algorithm based on an analytic hierarchy process.
- 32. (new) A method according to claim 31, wherein said given property data are obtained through a number *l* of experimental runs of said process using said given parameter data, each said run using a distinct set of values for said given parameter data.
- 33. (new) A method according to claim 32, wherein said number of experimental runs of said process each uses a selected distinct set of values for said parameters X_i covering substantially all extreme values within a chosen range of values for each one of said parameters X_i , wherein l is at least equal to n + 1 and is substantially less than a number used in the Fractional Factorial Matrix method.
- 34. (new) A method according to claim 25, wherein said goal function is expressed as follows:

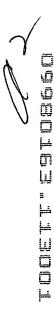
$$G(X_i,...X_n) = \sum_{j=1}^k w_j^2 (Ye_j - O_j)^2$$

wherein O_j are said specified goal values for said properties Y_j .

35. (new) A method according to claim 34, wherein said minimizing step is performed by successive iterations of:

$$G(X_1,...,X_n) = \sum_{i=1}^k [f_i(X_i,...,X_n)]^2$$
.

- 36. (new) A method according to claim 35, wherein said goal function is minimized according to one or more specified ranges (a_i,b_i) wherein $a_i < X_i < b_i$ for one or more of said optimal parameter values.
- 37. (new) A method according to claim 25, further comprising the steps of: performing experimentally said process using said set of optimal parameters values to obtain corresponding experimental values for said properties Y_j ; ranking said set of optimal parameters values over predetermined alternative sets of parameters values for said X_i .
- 38. (new) A method according to claim 37, wherein said ranking step is performed using an algorithm based on an analytic hierarchy process.
- 39. (new) A method according to claim 37, further including the step of: incorporating said set of optimal parameters values and said corresponding experimental values for said properties Y_j respectively into said given parameter and associated property data; repeating said steps ii) to iv) to generate a new set of optimal parameters values for said parameters X_i .



- 40. (new) A method of producing a product using optimized process parameter values, said process being essentially controlled by a set of n parameters X_i characterizing a formulation for said product, said parameters X_i affecting a set of k properties Y_j characterizing the product, said method comprising:
 - a) conducting a number of l of experimental runs of said process each using a selected distinct set of values for said parameters X_i covering substantially all extreme values within a chosen range of values for each one of said parameters X_i , wherein l is at least equal to n+1 and is substantially less than a number used in the Fractional Factorial Matrix method;
 - b) measuring values for said properties Y_j characterizing the product in each of said l experimental runs, whereby parameter data and associated property data are obtained from said selected distinct set of values for said parameters X_i and said measured values for said properties Y_j , respectively;
 - c) determining an importance of said properties Y_j for the characterization of said product, comparing said importance of said properties Y_j relative to one another, and assigning values to a set of k property weights w_j representing a relative importance of said properties Y_j for the characterization of said product;
 - d) calculating a set of optimal parameter values for said parameters X_i using said measured values for said properties Y_j and said assigned values of said set of k property weights w_j ; and
 - e) producing said product using said optimized process parameter values X_i calculated in the previous step.

- 41. (new) A method according to claim 40, wherein said product is a pharmaceutical product, and said process is a formulation of said product.
- 42. (new) A method according to claim 41, wherein said step of calculating comprises: establishing property behavior mathematical relations giving an estimated property Y_{ij} for each said property Y_{ij} in terms of said parameters X_{ij} from said parameter data and associated property data; using said property weights Y_{ij} to establish a process goal function in terms of property weighted deviations between the estimated properties Y_{ij} and corresponding specified goal values for said properties Y_{ij} ; and minimizing the process goal function to generate a set of optimal parameter values for said parameters X_{ij} .
- 43. (new) A method according to claim 42, wherein the values for said property weights w_i are obtained by an algorithm based on an analytic hierarchy process.
- 44. (new) A method according to claim 40, wherein l = n + 1.
- 45. (new) A method according to claim 42, wherein l = n + 1.
- 46. (new) A method according to claim 43, wherein l = n + 1.
- 47. (new) A method according to claim 41, wherein said goal function is expressed as follows:

i.
$$G(X_i,...X_n) = \sum_{j=1}^k w_j^2 (Ye_j - O_j)^2$$

wherein O_j are said specified goal values for said properties Y_j .

- 48. (new) A method according to claim 47, wherein said minimizing step is performed through successive iterations.
- 49. (new) A method according to claim 48, wherein said goal function is minimized according to one or more specified ranges (a_i,b_i) wherein $a_i < X_i < b_i$ for one or more of said optimal parameters values.
- 50. (new) A method according to claim 41, further comprising the steps of:
 - f) performing experimentally said process using said set of optimal parameters values to obtain corresponding experimental values for said properties Y_j ;
 - g) ranking said set of optimal parameters values over predetermined alternative sets of parameters values for said X_i .
- 51. (new) A method according to claim 50, wherein said ranking step is performed through an algorithm based on an analytic hierarchy process.
- 52. (new) A method according to claim 41, further including the steps of:
 - h) incorporating said set of optimal parameters values and said corresponding experimental values for said properties Y_j respectively into said given parameter and associated property data;
 - i) repeating said steps a), b) and d) to generate a new set of optimal parameters values for said parameters X_i .